

WHY NEW YORK WORKINGMEN SHOULD VOTE FOR HANFORD.

Because he is a workingman and an active and faithful trade unionist since his boyhood. Because, with all his associates on the ticket he stands firm and square on the Social Democratic platform. Because he and the other candidates of the Social Democratic Party were nominated by workingmen and their campaign is conducted and paid for by workingmen. Because the capitalists don't want him—as shown by the fact that the papers which have lied about the coal strike have tried to suppress all news about the Social Democratic Party. Because the triumph of Socialism would mean work for all and to all workers the full product of their labor. Because Hanford's election would mean that the power of the state would be used to help workingmen win better conditions, not to break their strikes. Because a big vote for the Social Democratic ticket, even if Hanford is not elected, will frighten the capitalists and their political tools and inspire them with respect for the working class. Put a cross under the Arm and Torch.

STATE PLATFORM OF THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY

The Social Democratic Party of the state of New York, in convention assembled, declares its allegiance to the principles of International Socialism, having for its object the overthrow of the system of exploitation of the mass of the workers by the few idlers who own the means of production and the establishment of the Co-operative Commonwealth. This convention declares the allegiance of the Social Democratic Party of the state of New York to the national Socialist platform adopted at the Indianapolis convention. Labor of brain or brawn produces all wealth; therefore we hold that those who labor should possess all wealth produced. This cannot be while one class in society owns the means of production and another class performs the work of production. The production of wealth having changed from an individual to a social character, we therefore hold that land, mines, mills, and other means of production should be owned socially and not individually. Only when those who work become the owners of the means of production and the raw material and means with which their labor is performed will they receive the wealth which is their product, and only through the control of the political powers can they secure possession of these essentials. The Social Democratic Party therefore holds that the capture of the powers of government by the working class is the supreme issue of the hour. Legislative, judicial and executive offices should be filled by those who place the good of the working class above all else, working to the end that laws should be passed, judged and enforced in their interest. And that social or government ownership may conserve their welfare, the working class must control the government, must elect the government. This we ask them to accomplish by voting for Socialism and the candidates of the Social Democratic Party. A Social Democratic Legislature would pass measures changing private ownership of the means of production into social ownership; Socialist Judges would favorably construe such measures; and a Socialist Governor and Socialists in all other executive positions would enforce such laws. Many if not all of our great corporations and captains of industry have violated every legal and constitutional provision which stood in the way of their profits, placing themselves liable to a forfeiture of their charter and property rights, and wherever this has been done their charters should be cancelled and the property they hold should revert to the government. Corporations have committed or stand ready to commit every crime in furtherance of their profits; they have bought and sold injunctions and judges, laws and legislatures, prosecuting and executive officials; they have compelled police and detective forces to act as their thugs and ruffians, and have used the state militia as their private standing army to force submission upon protesting or striking workers. Pensions for superannuated workers—We deem that those who have spent their lives in useful labor are far more deserving of public care than those who have been employed in the destruction of life and property, and that it is not charity, but simple justice for the state to assure them of comfort in their old age. Public ownership of all industries that shall take the form of monopolies. Work to be provided for the unemployed; the state and the municipalities to undertake whatever sort of industry shall be necessary or proper for this purpose; all public work to be done on public account, without the intervention of contractors; union wages and conditions to prevail on all public work. The resources of the public treasury to be available for the assistance of striking or locked-out workmen struggling for a better share of the product of their labor.—At present the powers of the state are used to help capitalists in their controversies with labor. We propose to turn their own weapons against them. The Initiative and referendum, proportional representation, and the right of recall of representatives by their constituencies, and equal civil and political rights for men and women.

Workers of New York, if you want your wives and children protected from the cruel greed of the capitalists, vote under the Arm and Torch. See Planks 5, 7, and 8 of the state platform of the Social Democratic Party, printed in this paper.

AGITATION MEETINGS IN GREATER NEW YORK.

Meetings will be held at the points named in the following list, on the dates given. Comrades in the assembly districts where meetings are held should not fail to be present and use the opportunity to assist the speakers by agitating among by-standers and aiding in the distribution of literature. Platform committees and speakers are expected to report at the places designated for meetings, without waiting for written instructions. Notices of meetings, officially arranged by Local New York, will regularly be published in The Worker over the signature of the Organizer. Chairmen and speakers should lose no occasion distinctly to call attention to the official name and emblem of the party and the names of the candidates. THURSDAY, OCT. 30. 9th A. D.—Twenty-fifth street and Eighth avenue. Knappen and Phillips. 10th A. D.—E. Houston and Second avenue. Wilschre, Seating, and Reichenthal. 14th A. D.—Eighth street and Avenue C. Wood, Wilschre, and Seating. 24th A. D.—Fifty-second street and Third avenue, N. E. corner. Miss Dahme and Goebel. 26th A. D.—Seventy-third street and First avenue. Abrahams and Paulitsch. 28th A. D.—Circuit of district. Bowerman and Kirschner. Report at 1497 Avenue A at 8 o'clock. 30th A. D.—Circuit of district. Lee and Nicholson. Report at 206 E. Eighty-sixth street. 31st A. D.—One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street and Seventh avenue. Mayes, Prager, and Cassidy. 32d A. D.—One Hundred and Twelfth street and Third avenue. Butscher, Wright, and Young. FRIDAY, OCT. 30. 9th A. D.—Twenty-fifth street and Eighth avenue, N. W. corner. Goebel, Reichenthal, Phillips. 14th A. D.—Thirteenth street and Avenue A, S. W. corner. Hanford, Wood, Reichenthal. 16th A. D.—Fifth street and Avenue C, S. W. corner. Hanford, Wood, Goldstein. 20th A. D.—Thirty-sixth street and Second avenue, N. W. corner. Paulitsch, Butscher, Mayes. 21st A. D.—Ninety-eighth street and Amsterdam avenue, N. E. corner. Cassidy, Knappen, and Abrahams. 24th A. D.—Fifty-seventh street and Third avenue, S. E. corner. Butscher, Seating. 25th A. D.—Thirty-first street and Eighth avenue, N. W. corner. Goebel, Paulitsch, Phillips. 28th A. D.—Circuit of district. Havdon and Bowerman. 30th A. D.—Circuit of district. Lee and Nicholson. 32d A. D.—One Hundred and Sixth street between Third and Lexington avenues. Goebel and Sackin. SATURDAY, NOV. 1. Parade leaves East Fourth street and Second avenue at 7:30 p. m. Mass meeting in Madison Square after parade. Speakers: Ben Hanford, W. W. Atkinson of Pennsylvania, Algernon Lee, Geo. H. Goebel, Jacob Panken, E. D. Knappen, I. Phillips, Thos. Nicholson, F. Havdon, Frederick E. Kirschner, and William Butscher. MONDAY, NOV. 3. 9th A. D.—Twenty-fifth street and Eighth avenue, N. W. corner. Hanford, Nicholson, Seating. 13th A. D.—Thirty-ninth street and Eighth avenue, N. W. corner. Hanford, Nicholson, Seating. 14th A. D.—Tenth street and Second avenue, S. W. corner. Miss Dahme, Wood, Paulitsch. 14th A. D.—Eighth street and Avenue A, S. W. corner. Miss Dahme, Wood, Paulitsch. 34th A. D.—Wendover and Third avenue, N. W. corner. Phillips, Havdon, Young, Abrahams. 34th A. D.—One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, between Lexington and Third avenue, N. E. corner. Phillips, Havdon, Young, Abrahams. 23d A. D.—One Hundred and Thirty-second street and Amsterdam avenue, N. W. corner. Butscher, Mayes, and Goebel. HALL MEETINGS. Thursday, Oct. 30—Wendell's Assembly Rooms, 334-344 West Forty-fourth street. Mother Jones, Ben Hanford, Sof Feldman, Jas. N. Wood, and others. Thursday, Oct. 30—Progress Hall, 23 Avenue A, between Second and Third avenues. Mother Jones, Ben Hanford, H. Gaylor Wilschre, and Edward W. Seating. Thursday, Oct. 30—New Irving Hall, 214 Broome street. Mother Jones, Ben Hanford, Jacob Panken, Jos. Baronides, Rosenzweig, and others. Friday, Oct. 31—Initiation meeting of the 23d A. D., James Foret's Hall, 4 Lawrence street. Leonard Abbott, Daniel K. Young, and another. Friday, Oct. 31—Eureka Lodge, International Association of Machinists, 101 Grand street. Frederick Schaefer. Saturday, Nov. 1—Bevoort Hall, 154 E. Fifty-fourth street. Mother Jones, Abbott, Lovejoy, and Paulitsch. Sunday, Nov. 2—Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 375, Bohemian Hall, 223 East Seventy-third street, 10 a. m. Hanford and Molest. Sunday, Nov. 2—Clubhouse, 3300 Third avenue, 2:30 p. m. Phillips and Mother Jones. Sunday, Nov. 2—W. E. A. Clubhouse, 206 E. Eighty-sixth street, 2:30 p. m. Hanford, Lee, and Atkinson. Monday, Nov. 3—Yorkville hall given later in "Volkzeitung." Mother Jones, Abbott, Lee, and Spargo. JAS. N. WOOD, Organizer. KINGS COUNTY MEETINGS. THURSDAY, Oct. 30—At India street and Manhattan avenue. Well, Peiser, and Heid. At Third avenue and Fifty-third street. At Boerum street and Broadway. Droste, Aberie, and Passage. Noon meeting for street-car men, at Third avenue and Fifty-eighth street. Cuno will speak. SATURDAY, Nov. 1—At Hamburg avenue and Troutman street. Well, Dooley, and Droste.

WHY NEW YORK WORKINGMEN SHOULD NOT VOTE FOR COLER.

Because Coler is a Wall Street broker and all but one of his associates on the Democratic state ticket are either bankers or corporation lawyers. Because the present Democratic boss, Hill, as Governor, twice vetoed the Secret-Ballot Law; as United States Senator, argued against the Income-Tax Bill; and as counsel for a score of franchise companies successfully opposed the Franchise Tax Bill. Because the Democratic party, when in power in this city, state, or nation, has never enforced labor laws. Because Coler is supported by Grover Cleveland who, as President, sent federal troops to break the A. R. U. strike. Because Flower, Pattison, and Steunenberg, Democratic governors in New York, Pennsylvania, and Idaho, have sent militia to break strikes. Because, as soon as the coal strike was ended, Coler disavowed the public ownership of mines plank in his platform. Because Coler's campaign fund is supplied by the capitalist class and he will have to be true to capitalist interests.

National Platform of the Socialist Party.

The Socialist Party of America in national convention assembled, reaffirms its adherence to the principles of International Socialism, and declares its aim to be the organization of the working class and those in sympathy with it, into a political party, with the object of conquering the powers of government and using them for the purpose of transforming the present system of private ownership of the means of production and distribution into collective ownership by the entire people. Formerly the tools of production were simple and owned by the individual worker. To-day the machine, which is but an improved and more developed tool of production, is owned by the capitalist class and by the workers. This ownership enables the capitalists to control the product and keep the workers dependent upon them. Private ownership of the means of production and distribution is responsible for the ever increasing uncertainty of livelihood and the poverty and misery of the working class, and it divides society into two hostile classes—the capitalists and wage-workers. The once powerful middle class is rapidly disappearing in the mill of competition. The struggle is now between the capitalist class and the working class. The possession of the means of livelihood gives to the capitalists the control of the government, the press, the pulpit, and the schools, and enables them to reduce the workingmen to a state of intellectual, physical and social inferiority, political subservience and virtual slavery. The economic interests of the capitalist class dominate our entire social system; the lives of the working class are recklessly sacrificed for profits; wars are fought between nations, indiscriminate slaughter is encouraged and the destruction of whole races is sanctioned in order that the capitalists may extend their commercial domination abroad and enhance their supremacy at home. But the same economic causes which developed capitalism are leading to Socialism, which will abolish both the capitalist class and the class of wage workers. And the active force in bringing about this new and higher order of society is the working class. All other classes, despite their apparent or actual conflicts, are alike interested in the upholding of the system of private ownership of the instruments of wealth production. The Democratic, Republican, the bourgeois public ownership parties, and all other parties which do not stand for the complete overthrow of the capitalist system of production, are alike political representatives of the capitalist class. The workers can most effectively act

At Fort Hamilton avenue and Thirty-ninth street. At Java street and Manhattan avenue. Burrows and Struempfer. At Knickerbocker avenue and Star street. Mr. and Mrs. Fraser, Held, and Dawson. MONDAY, Nov. 3—At Wyckoff avenue and Grove street. Mr. and Mrs. Fraser and Peiser. At Noble street and Manhattan avenue. Gibbs, Lackemacher, and Droste. At Rodney and Grand streets. Dawson and others. At Irving avenue and Harmon street. Furman, Held, and Aberie. All meetings are expected to begin at 8 p. m. Speakers are urged to make no opportunity to make sharp and clear the distinction between state socialism (more properly, state capitalism)—municipal ownership of public utilities, "government ownership of railroads, telegraph, and telephones," etc.—and the command of the machinery, resources, and organization for industry by the people who work, as advocated by the Social Democratic Party. WARREN ATKINSON, Organizer. HAVE YOU SEEN IT? The neat little watch, the premium The Worker gives away FREE to its readers? There is no doubt that every reader can get one. Undoubtedly every one of you has six friends or neighbors, who have not subscribed to The Worker. Get them to subscribe and pay for one year in advance. Send us the money with 14 cents for postage and get the watch free delivered to your address. When writing to advertisers our readers are asked to mention The Worker.

JUST AS WITH US.

Canadian Machinists Tell a Story of the "Right to Work" as interpreted by Capitalist Judges. Electric Lodge No. 313, I. A. of M., of this city requests The Worker to publish a statement of facts from a sister lodge in Ontario. More than a year ago, President Hart of the Canadian Locomotive Company requested the Union to present an agreement embodying the provisions of its constitution providing for the annual adjustment of grievances. This agreement was presented to the Company on Nov. 23, 1901. The Union heard nothing further, and on Feb. 23 rekindled the Company of the matter. In reply came a document entitled, "The Declaration of Principles of the National Metal Trades Association." The Company followed this up by beginning to discharge union machinists, filling their places with "handy men" and boys. After trying hard to effect an amicable settlement, the men were forced to strike, on April 30, last. On Aug. 6 the Company began suit for \$30,000 damages and, at the same time asked for injunctions to restrain the strikers from interviewing applicants for positions in the strike shop. Three union men were arrested for approaching a man about to enter the shop—presumably a scab—and on Sept. 15 these men were sentenced to a fine of \$50 and costs, with the alternative of going to jail for a month. The magistrate lectured the men and told them that if they would decide within ten days to go back to work at the Company's terms he would suspend execution of the sentence. The machinists wish to bring before all their fellow workmen this outrageous abuse of power in the interest of the bosses by a magistrate sworn to administer impartial justice. Such things happen, not only in Canada, but in the United States as well. As Secretary Trembore of Lodge 313 remarks in transmitting the matter: "Nothing else can be expected of judges and other officials nominated by capitalist influence and elected on a loose and equivocal platform. If the workmen continue to build their house upon the sand, whose fault is it when the temple tumbles it about their ears?"

EQUALITY TRIUMPHANT.

We hold these truths to be self-evident: That all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.—Declaration of Independence, July 4, 1776. Equality triumphant! Aye, once to us she came. We answered to her summons, we gave her loud acclaim; The patient, plodding people looked upward from the sod To hail no tawdry tyrant betwixt them and their God. No crimson robes were trailing atween them and the sun, No dizzied crowns and coronets by dripping sabers won. She spake, the nations trembled: "The earth was made for man! Himself alone the master, with none to blight, or ban!" We love thee not, Equality, with that keen love of old. When spurned were prince's favors, and scorned their beaten gold; When o'er the startled waters the bells of freedom rang, And valor clanged her cymbals and faith her peans sang. The dying moon of monarchy betwixt us and thy face Eclipsed our fair scepterons and hand-leaps our race; We grope in gruesome shadows where once our lines were thrown, To knit the world-republics in one encircling zone. In what fair land, Equality, hast thou a home to-day? Where are thy altars kindled, where are thy foes at bay? Will kingdom set to kingdom afores the resting place? Will master matched to master extol thee ancient race? Art thou in galleys sailing across the sullen sea. Or in the mines a-whispering that men may yet be free? Or in the mills, where, elbow touching elbow, in array, The galley slaves of commerce work their weary lives away? They wait for thee, Equality, to plead the rights of man. Who hold thy name in reverence in God's eternal plan; Thy plea in lonely places, they starve in crowded street. Adown the dusty highways you hear their sodden feet: In sweatshop and in factory, their helpless children cry, The beggar's crust their portion, their privilege to die; They beat upon the billows of life's unending sea. With none to man their life-boat, Equality, but thee. Equality triumphant! Again shall we behold The sons of freedom rally around thee as of old; Again the patient people shall thy beauteous dawn, And tawdry tyrants tremble to see thee marching on. No foreign land shall hold thee from coming to thine own; No truckling power invest thee with garments long outworn; The people shall the people, shall till they are tall and stout, And love shall chant of heaven, and faith of answered prayer. Equality triumphant! Our fathers dimly saw That justice is eternal and love the higher law; That in the Social Commonwealth there is no great, or small, But love's unstinted portion is meted out to all. As they with eyes ecstatic beheld thy face sublime We wait in expectation the fullness of thy time. The promise and fulfillment of God's eternal plan, The crowning of Equality—the Brotherhood of Man. —Kate Brownlee Sherwood, in Toledo Courier-Journal.

WHY NEW YORK WORKINGMEN SHOULD NOT VOTE FOR ODELL.

Because Odell is a corporation lobbyist by profession, and a stockholder in many franchise corporations. Because, with one exception, all Odell's associates on the Republican state ticket are either bankers or corporation lawyers. Because Odell has twice sent militia to break strikes of trolley workers. Because the Republican boss, Platt, is the representative of the Goulds, as his colleague, Dewey, is the representative of the Vanderbilts. Because the Republican party, when in power in this city, state, or nation, has never enforced labor laws. Because Odell's friend and partizan, Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania, sent militia to try to break the miners' strike, and because many other Republican officials—such as President McKinley, Governor Roosevelt, Judge Jackson—have used the power of their office to persecute striking workmen. Because the Republican platform, on which Odell stands, offers nothing in the interest of the working class. Because Odell's campaign fund is supplied by the capitalist class and he will have to be true to capitalist interests.

PARTY BUTTONS.

We now manufacture three different sizes in one-half, seven-eighths, and one and a half inch diameter. Either Socialist Party, Social Democratic Party or the one-half inch size simply with Arm and Torch Emblem: CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ALL ORDERS. 1 Button . . . 5 Cents. 12 Buttons . . . 25 Cents. 25 Buttons . . . 50 Cents. 100 Buttons . . . \$1.75 SOCIALIST LITERATURE COMPANY, 184 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

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GLASS SILVERERS ORGANIZE. A new acquisition to the labor movement of New York is the Glass Silverers' and Platers' Union, organized through the efforts of Comrade Gustave Thelmer of Richmond, a silverer in the employ of the Pittsburg Glass Company. The new union was formed a few days ago with sixty charter members and many more are expected to join its ranks in the immediate future. Comrade Thelmer was elected First Chairman, with Ch. Ronkaly as Second Chairman, Geo. Schehr as Treasurer, Ernest Bonnet as Financial Secretary, Fred. Curtiss as Recording Secretary, and Henry Vallee as Sergeant-at-arms. Meetings are to be held on the first and third Monday evenings of each month at 85 W. Third street and all workmen in this trade are invited to come and join. Until the end of November the initiation fee will be \$1; after that time it will be \$5. Dues are 25 cents a month. If the men of this trade will join and take an active interest in their organization there is no doubt that their conditions can be greatly improved. Workingmen of New York, if you want your life and limb at your work, vote under the Arm and Torch. See Planks 1 and 2 of the state platform of the Social Democratic Party, printed in this paper. MONEY MADE EASY. "I made \$21.50 in two days last week selling watches, etc., to other employees in the factory where I work. I only worked an hour. Any intelligent person can do as well as I have done. I need one of your Party Pocket Catalogues." J. B. Our catalogue is sent free—write us. W. F. DOLL MFG. CO., 175 Broadway, N. Y. Established 1876.